Tuning of Pythia 8 for simulations of UHECR induced air showers

Workshop on the tuning of hadronic interaction models

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24.01.2024

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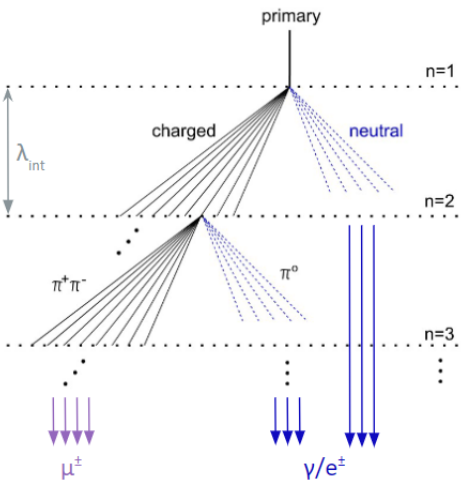
WUPPERTAL



Phys. Rev. D83, 054026 (2011)

Extensive air showers (EAS)

↳ particle interacts with Earth's atmosphere inducing a cascade of secondary particles

$\gamma/e^\pm$ electromagnetic profile

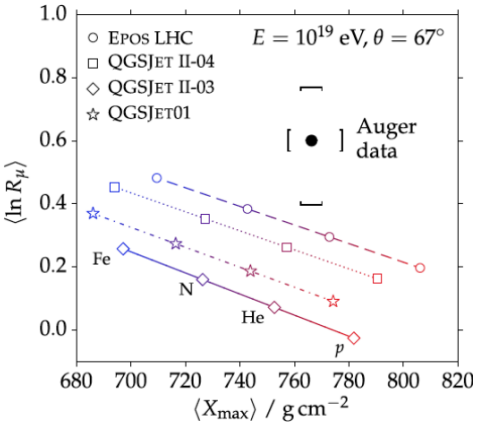
$\mu^\pm$ muons at ground

Need for air shower simulations to interpret EAS observations

- key observable N_μ

↳ infer mass composition of cosmic rays

Muon puzzle: significant muon deficit in air shower simulations with respect to measurements from the TeV scale, increasing with energy.



Phys. Rev. D 91, 032003 (2015)

↳ composition of secondary particles

Forward phase space probed at E < 350 GeV

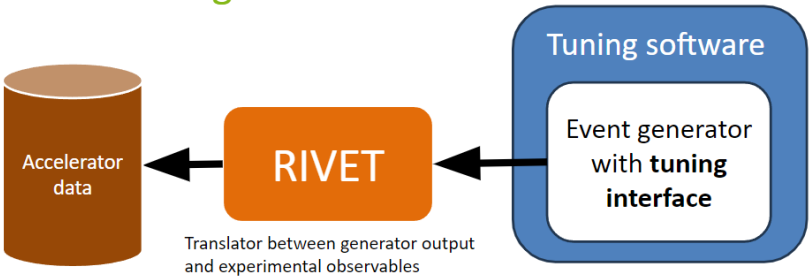
↳ require extrapolation to PeV energies

Largest uncertainties in EAS simulations

↳ limited knowledge of hadronic interactions at high energies

↳ need to improve models

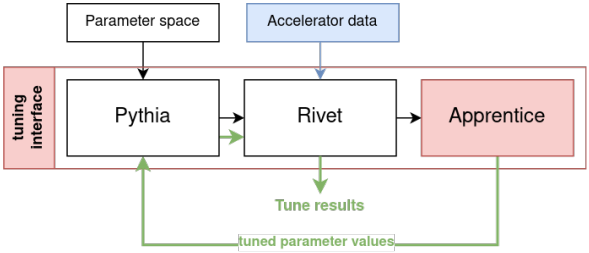
Classic tuning



- Tuning software fits parameters of event generator to data
  - Gradient descent on chi-square function with some tricks
  - Typically fits to several measurements at once
  - Ideal: tune all parameters at once
  - Practice: tune subset to matching data, requires **expert knowledge**

Inputs

- experimental dataset
- Pythia parameter space
- ↳ compare Pythia to dataset
  - ↳ using Rivet analysis framework
- ↳ tune Pythia to dataset
  - ↳ using Apprentice python library



Outputs

- best fit values for parameters
- ↳ tuned Pythia to be tested/validated
  - ↳ discuss the effects of tune parameters on muon production
    - ↳ using air shower simulation code Corsika 8[1]
    - ↳ using coupled cascade equations solver MCEq [2]

[1] gitlab.iap.kit.edu/AirShowerPhysics/corsika
[2] github.com/mceq-project/MCEq

Pythia 8.2.30

- new Angantyr class
  - ↳ pA and AA collisions with a simple model

Pythia 8.3.08

- `PythiaCascade` wrapper class
  - ↳ simplified model unrelated to Angantyr
  - ↳ fixed-target hA collisions and decays
  - ↳ $E^{\text{hadron}}_{\text{kin, min}} = 0.2$ GeV

Pythia 8.3.09

- Angantyr model updated
  - ↳ several nuclear geometries[3]
  - ↳ harmonic oscillator shell model ($A \leq 16$)

git branch `angantyr-varBeams`

- Angantyr model updated
  - ↳ attempt to allow variable beams

Pythia 8.3.10

- Angantyr model updated
  - ↳ variable energies usable
  - ↳ all `Beams:frameType` handled
  - ↳ MPI initialization reuse enabled

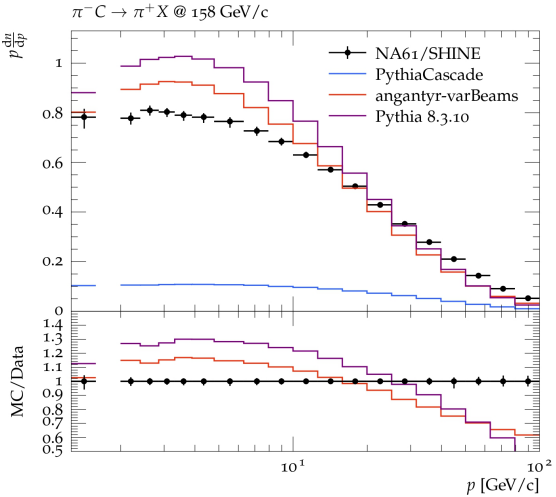
Pythia 8.3.11?

[3] /pythia.org/manuals/pythia8309/HeavyIons.html

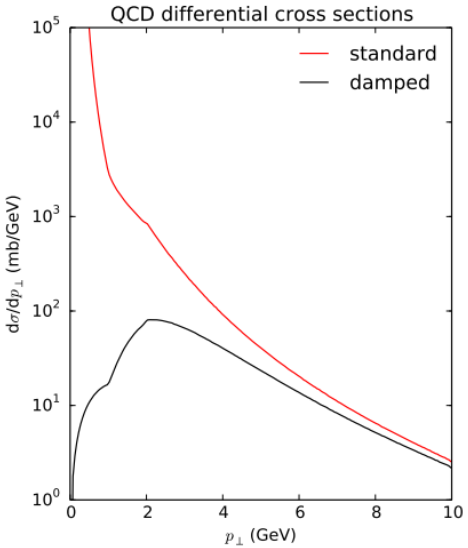
Measurement of Hadron Production in π^-C Interactions at 158 and 350 GeV/c with NA61/SHINE at the CERN SPS[4]

Rivet plug-in

- fixed-target collisions
  - ↳ π^-C interactions
  - ↳ $p_z(\pi^-) = 158$, 350 GeV/c
- particle production spectra
  - ↳ $p\frac{\mathrm{d}n}{\mathrm{d}p}$ distributions
- outgoing identified particles
  - ↳ π^+, π^-, K^+, K^-, p and $\overline{p}$
  - ↳ (+ K^0_s, Λ, $\overline{\Lambda}$)



[4] Phys. Rev. D 107, 062004 (2023)



SciPost Phys. Codebases 8 (2022)

Partonic cross-section

$$\frac{d\hat{\sigma}}{dp_T^2} \propto \frac{\alpha_S^2(p_T^2)}{p_T^4}$$

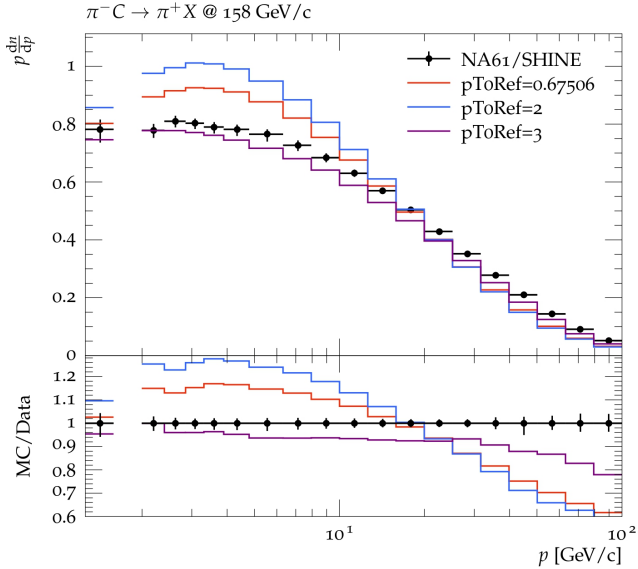
↳ divergent for $p_T \to 0$

- multiplicative damping factor with $p_{T,0}$ as free parameter

$$\frac{d\hat{\sigma}}{dp_T^2} \to \frac{\alpha_S^2(p_{T,0}^2 + p_T^2)}{\left(p_{T,0}^2 + p_T^2\right)^2}$$

`MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref`

↳ sets $p_{T,0}^{\text{Ref}}$ so $p_{T,0}^{\text{Ref}} = p_{T,0}(E_{\text{CM}}^{\text{Ref}})$



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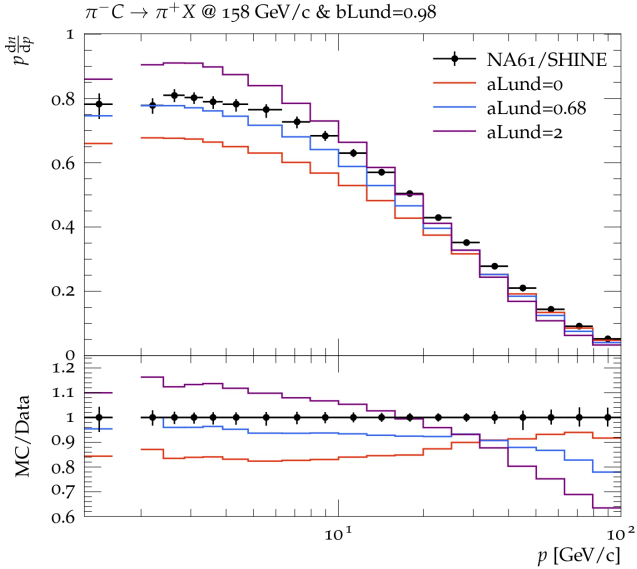
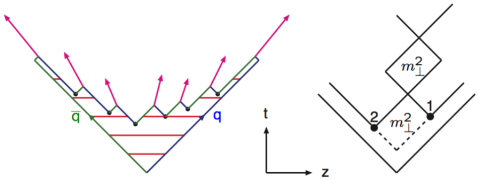




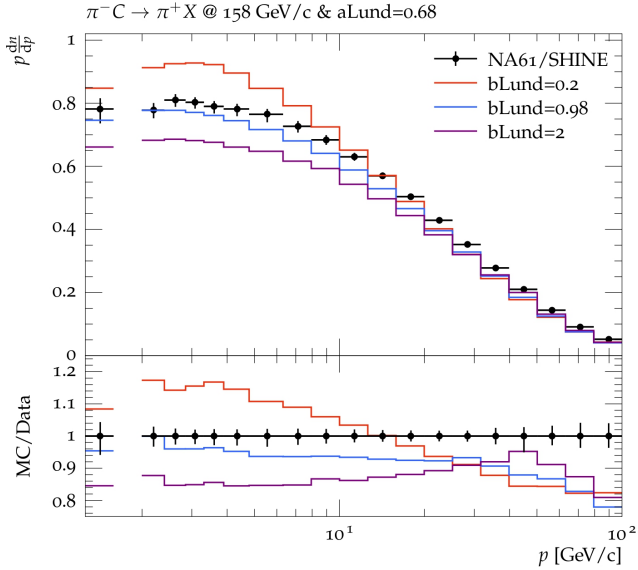
Torbjörn Sjöstrand

Lund fragmentation function

$$f(z) = (\frac{1}{z})(1-z)^a \times \exp(-\frac{bm_T^2}{z})$$

`StringZ:aLund`

↳ sets exponent value a

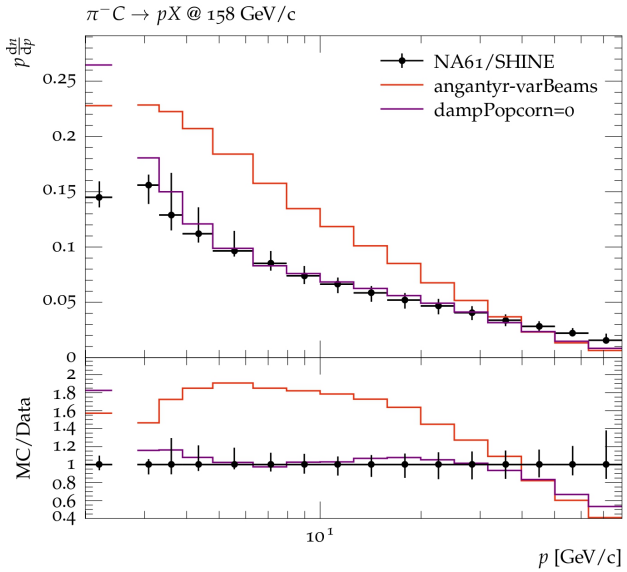


Lund fragmentation function

$$f(z) = (\frac{1}{z})(1-z)^a \times \exp(-\frac{bm_T^2}{z})$$

`StringZ:bLund`

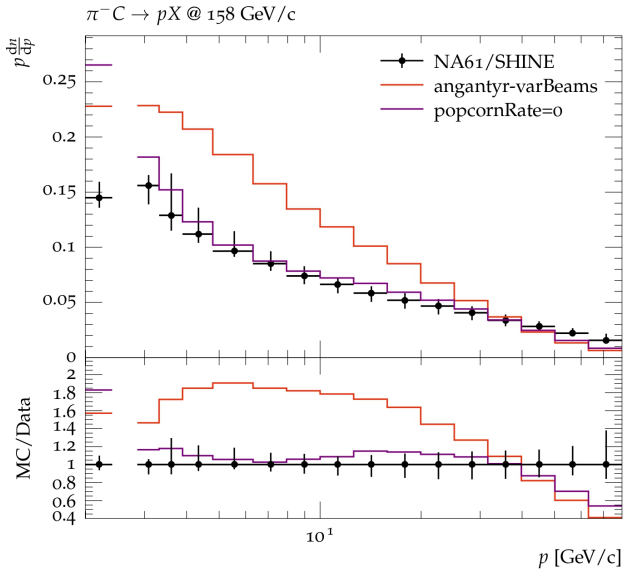
↳ sets exponent value b



Controls whether a beam remnant diquark can hadronize to a leading meson by the popcorn mechanism

`BeamRemnants:dampPopcorn`

- 1: ordinary hadronization
- 0: diquark $\xrightarrow[\text{always}]{}$ leading baryon



If popcorn production allowed,
mesons may be produced
in between baryon & antibaryon

`StringFlav:popcornRate`

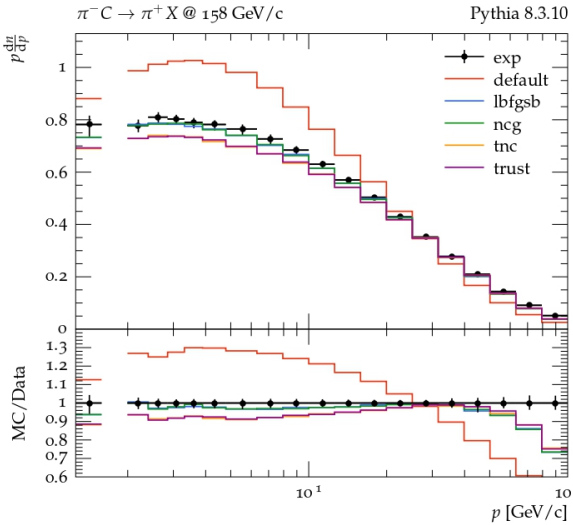
↳ sets the relative rates of $B,\bar{B}$ and $B,M,\bar{B}$ production

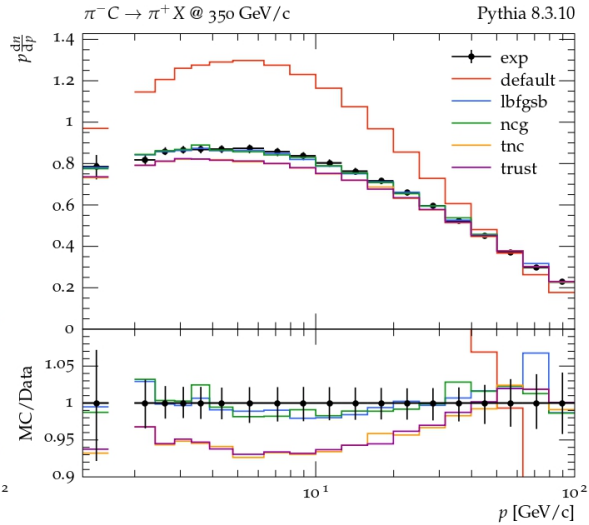
$$\frac{\mathrm{P}(B,M,\bar{B})}{(\mathrm{P}(B,\bar{B})+\mathrm{P}(B,M,\bar{B}))} = \frac{\texttt{popcornRate}}{(0.5+\texttt{popcornRate})}$$

Apprentice setup

- 3rd order polynomial approximation
  - ↳ using 21 Monte-Carlo samples
- 4 tuning algorithms
  - ↳ `tnc` for Truncated Newton method
  - ↳ `ncg` for Newton-conjugate gradient method
  - ↳ `lbfgsb` for LBFGS-B algorithm
  - ↳ `trust` for Trust region algorithm

	`tnc` & `trust`	`ncg` & `lbfgsb`
`MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref`	2.948	3.737
`StringZ:aLund`	0.4911	0.543
`StringZ:bLund`	1.863	1.140
`BeamRemnants:dampPopcorn`	0.2848	0.376
`StringFlav:popcornRate`	0.637	0.200


$\pi^- C \to \pi^+ X$ @ 158 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{dn}{dp}$
exp
default
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to \pi^+ X$ @ 350 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{dn}{dp}$
exp
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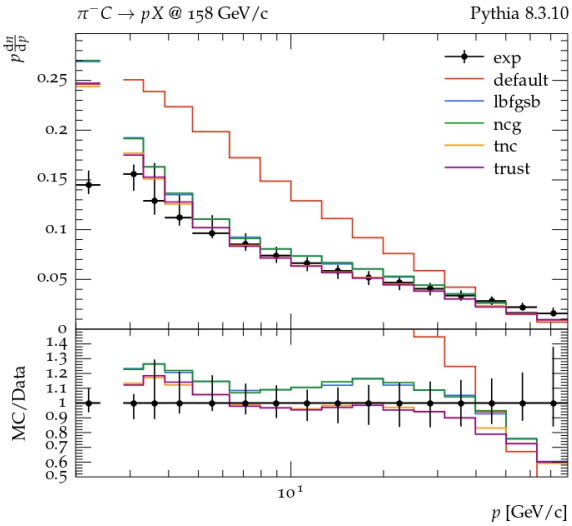
$\pi^- C \to pX$ @ 158 GeV/c
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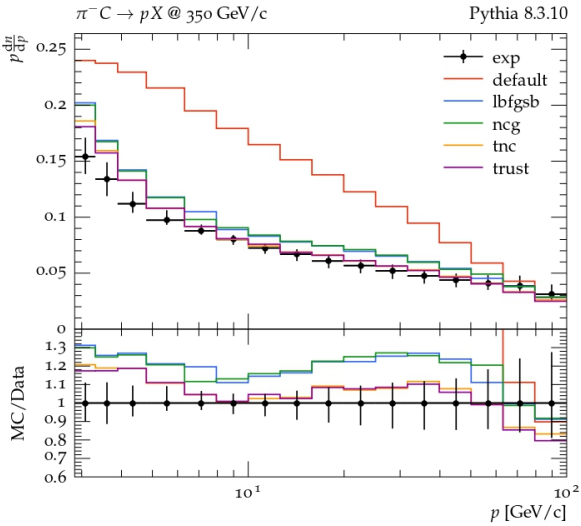
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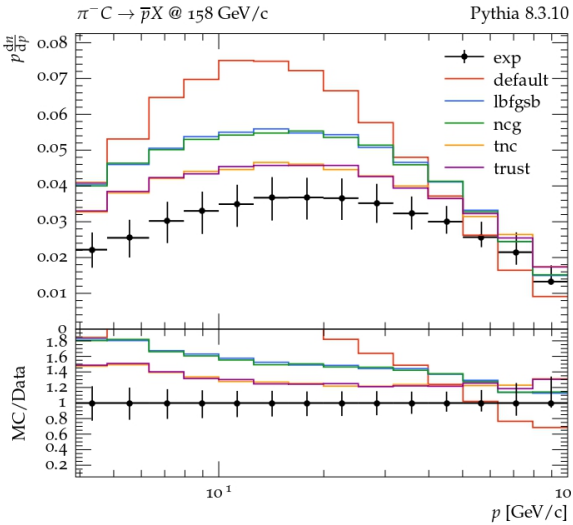
$\pi^- C \to \bar{p} X$ @ 158 GeV/c
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exp
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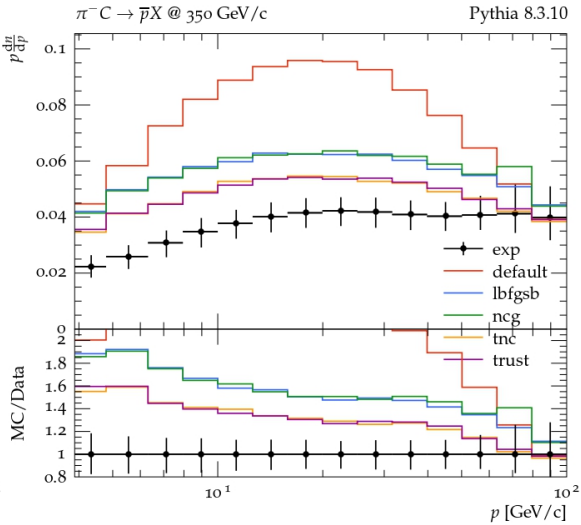
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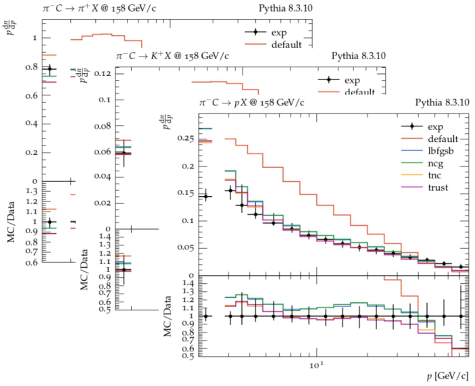
- Rivet plug-in
  - ↳ `NA61SHINE_2022_I2155140`
    - LHCf, LHCb, ALICE datasets?
- Pythia 8.3 tune
  - ↳ `MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref`
  - ↳ `StrinZ:aLund` & `StringZ:bLund`
  - ↳ `BeamRemnants:dampPopcorn`
  - ↳ `StringFlav:popcornRate`
    - other parameter of interests?

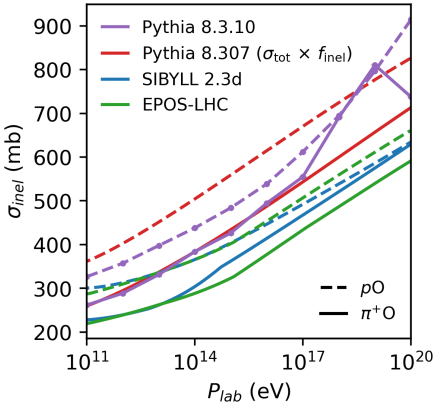


↳ estimate tune uncertainties

↳ investigate impact on central rapidity region and muon production

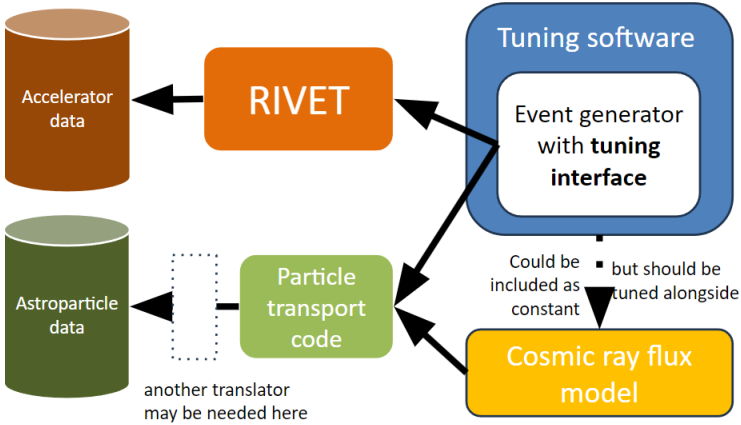
Software interfaces

- Corsika 8/Pythia 8
  - ↳ cross-section tables
  - ↳ run air showers simulations
- Chromo/Pythia 8
  - ↳ $\mathrm{d}N/\mathrm{d}E$ tables for MCEq
- MCEq
  - ↳ compute atmospheric lepton fluxes



EPJ Web Conf. 283 (2023) 05010

Global tuning to accelerator & astroparticle data



- Cosmic ray database[5]

CRDB

[5] https://lpsc.in2p3.fr/crdb/

Hans Dembinski 11

Welcome | Caveats/Tips | Data extraction | Experiments/Data | REST/CRDB.py | Solar modulation | Submit data | Useful links | Admin

Cosmic-Ray Data Base (CRDB)

Main developers: D. Maurin, F. Melot, and H. Dembinski (+ logo by H. Dembinski)
Contributors: M. Ahlers, J. Gonzalez, A. Haungs, P.-S. Mangeard, I. Mariş, P. Mertsch, R. Taillet, D. Wochele, J. Wochele
Partners: KCDC project
Publications (please cite): V2.1, V4.0, V4.1

[Acknowledgements / Contact us / Funding support]

DB status

Current version: V4.1 (June 2023)
Code last change: 15/01/2024
DB content: 131 exps from 504 publications
(4111 sub-exps, 316126 data points)

[ChangeLog / Latest data / View traffic]

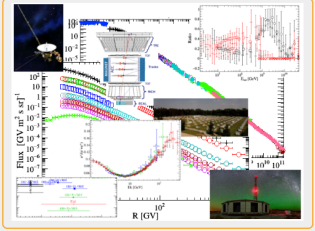
CRDB

[Gallery from CRDB.py and notebook]

Data and user interfaces

CRDB compiles cosmic-ray data and meta-data from 10^6 eV to 10^{21} eV:

→ *Leptons:* e^-, e^+, e^-+e^+, $e^+/(e^-+e^+)$, and e^+/e^-
→ *Nuclei:* fluxes and ratios of isotopes, elements, and groups of elements
→ *Anti-nuclei:* anti-protons, limits on anti-deuterons and anti-nuclei
→ *Anisotropy:* dipole phase and amplitude



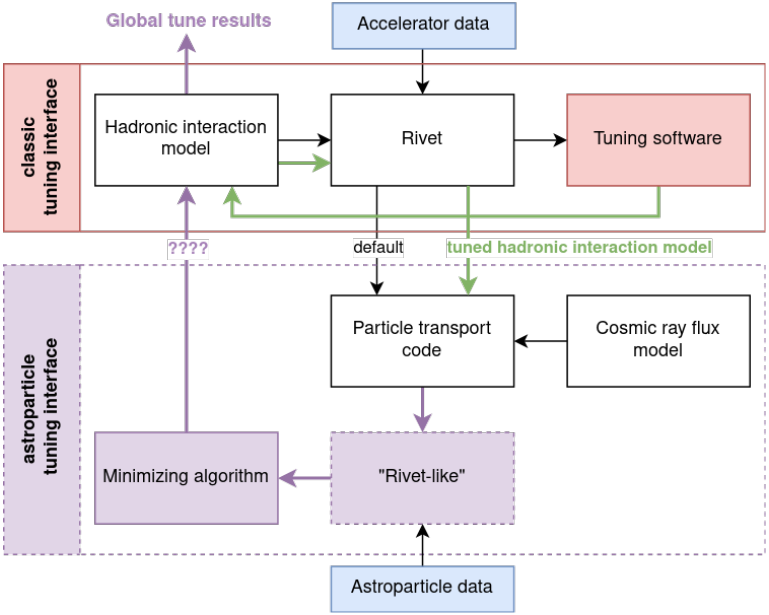
These contextualised data can be retrieved from a pip-installable python library (see also the example notebooks) or from this website:

- Caveats/Tips: warnings on some datasets and info on data transformations
- Data extraction: plot, save, and export user-selected CR quantities
- Experiments/Data: sorted lists of experiments, publications, and their data
- REST/CRDB.py: REST interface (query from script) and python library
- Solar modulation: Force-Field modulation level time series (and REST access)
- Submit data: submit data and their associated meta-data
- Useful links: links to other CR databases or resources

You can also export in one go the DB content (USINE, GALPROP, csv, or csv-asimport format) and the associated ADS bibtex entries and Latex cite (sorted by sub-experiment).

Behind the scene

- *Architecture:* LAMP solution (Linux OS, Apache HTTP server, MySQL database, PHP Hypertext PreProcessor) hosted at LPSC on a virtual server
- *Web pages:* PHP language, AJAX, sorting and displays with jquery (and jquery-ui, jquery.cluetip, table-sorter), and Rest interfaces enabled
- *Scripts and codes:* c++ and ROOT CERN library for plots, cron job scheduler for meta-data and modulation data updates
- *Data extraction:* extensive use of the ADS system, DataThief, and a lot of patience!



- Global tune
  - ↳ classic + astroparticle tuning interfaces
  - ↳ using existing and to-be-developed code

Let's discuss!

Back up

- `MultipartonInteractions:pT0Ref`
  - regularization of the divergence of σ_{QCD} for $p_T \to 0$
  - ↳ sets value of $p_{T,0}^{\mathrm{Ref}}$ so that $p_{T,0}^{\mathrm{Ref}} = p_{T,0}(E_{\mathrm{CM}}^{\mathrm{Ref}})$

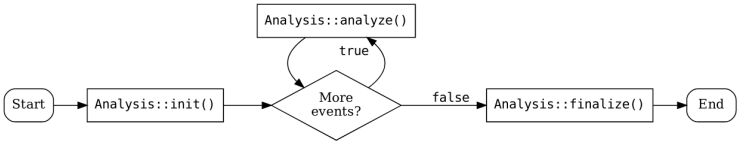
- `StrinZ:aLund` & `StringZ:bLund`
  - Lund symmetric fragmentation function: $f(z) = (\frac{1}{z})(1-z)^a \times \exp(-\frac{bm_T^2}{z})$
  - ↳ sets exponent values a and b

- `BeamRemnants:dampPopcorn`
  - ↳ controls whether a beam remnant diquark can hadronize to a leading meson
    0: diquark $\xrightarrow[\text{always}]{}$ leading baryon; 1: ordinary hadronization

- `StringFlav:popcornRate`
  - mesons (M) may be produced in between baryon (B) and antibaryon ($\bar{B}$)
  - ↳ sets the relative rates of $B,\bar{B}$ and $B,M,\bar{B}$ production
    P(B,M,$\bar{B}$) / (P(B,$\bar{B}$) + P(B,M,$\bar{B}$)) = `popcornRate` / (0.5 + `popcornRate`)

There is an analysis for every physics paper implemented.
It follows a plug-in friendly architecture.

- A Source code
- B Experimental data
- C Plotting settings
- D Paper and analysis information



A `.cc` *(Eur. Phys. J. C (2020) 80:485)*

```
BEGIN YODA_SCATTER2D_V2 /REF/ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d03-x01-y01
IsRef: 1
Path: /REF/ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d03-x01-y01
Title: ~
Type: Scatter2D
---
# xval   xerr-    xerr+    yval     yerr-    yerr+
5.300000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   1.590000e+04   6.613622e+03   2.925355e+04
5.800000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   1.350000e+04   5.008992e+03   1.210496e+04
6.300000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   8.800000e+03   2.736786e+03   8.081460e+03
6.800000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   6.290000e+03   1.816590e+03   5.253427e+03
7.300000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   3.990000e+03   1.014199e+03   2.715050e+03
7.700000e+00   2.000000e-01   3.000000e-01   4.070000e+03   9.885101e+02   3.008955e+03
8.300000e+00   3.000000e-01   2.000000e-01   2.650000e+03   7.490661e+02   1.860094e+03
8.700000e+00   2.000000e-01   3.000000e-01   1.930000e+03   6.644351e+02   6.910061e+02
9.200000e+00   2.000000e-01   3.000000e-01   1.450000e+03   3.956141e+02   5.398148e+02
9.700000e+00   2.000000e-01   3.000000e-01   1.280000e+03   2.354485e+02   4.758792e+02
1.050000e+01   5.000000e-01   5.000000e-01   8.290000e+02   1.365066e+02   3.059624e+02
1.150000e+01   5.000000e-01   5.000000e-01   5.980000e+02   1.105396e+02   1.920573e+02
1.290000e+01   9.000000e-01   1.100000e+00   3.200000e+02   5.707013e+01   8.969950e+01
1.490000e+01   9.000000e-01   1.100000e+00   1.640000e+02   2.900000e+01   4.369210e+01
1.690000e+01   9.000000e-01   1.100000e+00   7.780000e+01   1.514100e+01   1.882578e+01
1.970000e+01   1.700000e+00   2.300000e+00   2.970000e+01   6.073714e+00   5.847222e+00
2.490000e+01   2.900000e+00   5.100000e+00   6.200000e+00   1.435270e+00   1.389244e+00
3.360000e+01   3.600000e+00   6.400000e+00   1.120000e+00   5.227810e-01   4.455334e-01
END YODA_SCATTER2D_V2
```

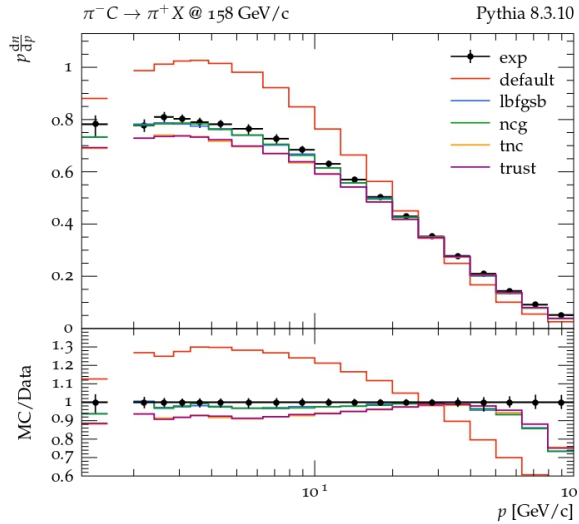
B `.yoda`

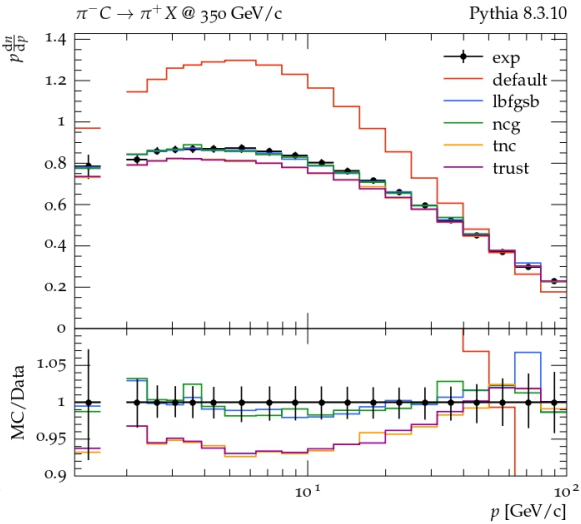
```
# BEGIN PLOT /ATLAS_2011_S9035664/.*
FullRange=1
LogY=1
LogX=1
XLabel=$p^{J/\psi}_{T}$ [GeV]
YLabel=$\frac{\text{Br}(\text{J/}\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-})\sigma\mathrm{d}^2\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_\perp\mathrm{d}y}$ [nb/GeV]
# END PLOT

# BEGIN PLOT /ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d18-x01-y01
Title=$\frac{\text{Br}(\text{J/}\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-})\sigma\mathrm{d}^2\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_\perp\mathrm{d}y}$ for prompt J/$\psi$: pp @ $\sqrt{s}$=7 TeV $\$ $2.0 < |y| < 2.4$
# END PLOT
# BEGIN PLOT /ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d17-x01-y01
Title=$\frac{\text{Br}(\text{J/}\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-})\sigma\mathrm{d}^2\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_\perp\mathrm{d}y}$ for prompt J/$\psi$: pp @ $\sqrt{s}$=7 TeV $\$ $1.5 < |y| < 2.0$
# END PLOT
# BEGIN PLOT /ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d16-x01-y01
Title=$\frac{\text{Br}(\text{J/}\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-})\sigma\mathrm{d}^2\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_\perp\mathrm{d}y}$ for prompt J/$\psi$: pp @ $\sqrt{s}$=7 TeV $\$ $0.75 < |y| < 1.5$
# END PLOT
# BEGIN PLOT /ATLAS_2011_S9035664/d15-x01-y01
Title=$\frac{\text{Br}(\text{J/}\psi \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-})\sigma\mathrm{d}^2\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_\perp\mathrm{d}y}$ for prompt J/$\psi$: pp @ $\sqrt{s}$=7 TeV $\$ $|y| < 0.75$
# END PLOT
```

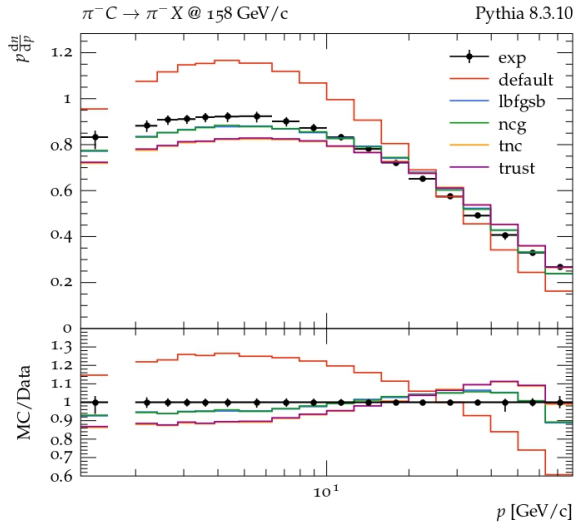
C `.plot`

```
Name: ATLAS_2011_S9035664
Year: 2011
Summary: Measurement of J/Psi production
Experiment: ATLAS
Collider: LHC
SpiresID: 9035664
InspireID: 896268
Status: VALIDATED
Reentrant: true
Authors:
 -
References:
 - arXiv:1104.3038 [hep-ex]
RunInfo:
  pp to hadrons including both prompt J/Psi production and the production in B decays
NumEvents: 1000000
Beams: [p+, p+]
Energies: [7000]
PtCuts:
Description:
  'The inclusive $J/\psi$ production cross-section and fraction of $J/\psi$ mesons produced in
B-hadron decays are measured in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the ATLAS
detector at the LHC, as a function of the transverse momentum and rapidity of the J/psi, using
2.3$\textrm{pb}^{-1}$ of integrated luminosity. The cross section is measured from a minimum
$p_{T}$ of 1 GeV to a maximum of 70 GeV and for rapidities within $|y| < 2.4$ giving the widest
reach of any measurement of $J/\psi$ production to date.'
NeedCrossSection: yes
```

D `.info`


$\pi^- C \to \pi^+ X$ @ 158 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{dn}{dp}$
exp
default
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to \pi^+ X$ @ 350 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{dn}{dp}$
exp
default
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]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Pythia 8.3.10
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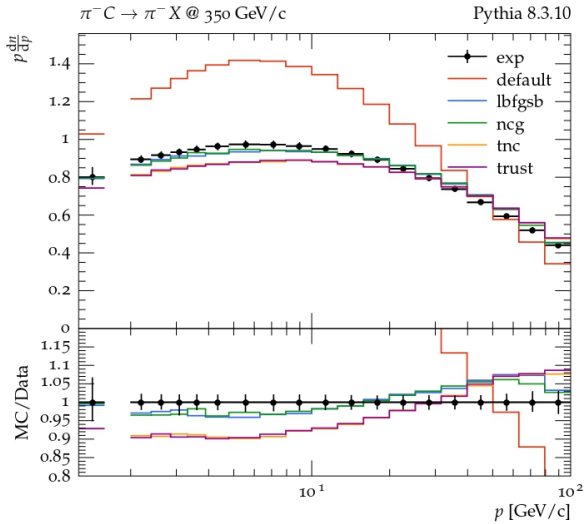
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
$p \frac{d\pi}{dp}$
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to \pi^- X$ @ 350 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
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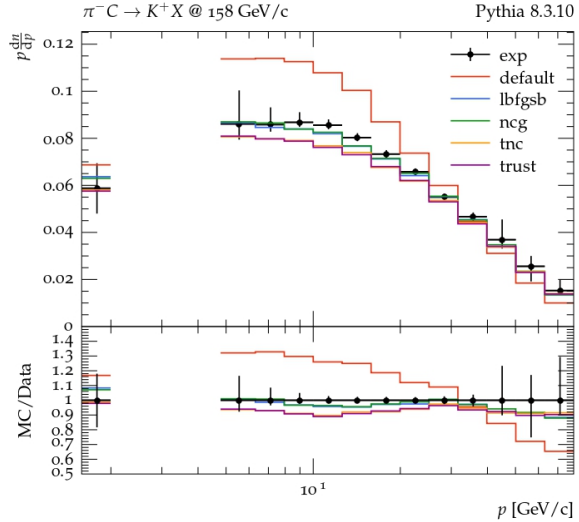
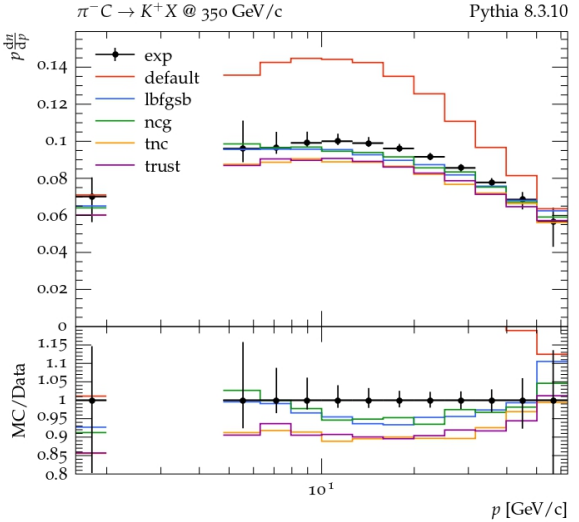
ncg
tnc
trust
$p \frac{d\pi}{dp}$
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to K^+ X$ @ 158 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{dn}{dp}$
exp
default
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to K^+ X$ @ 350 GeV/c
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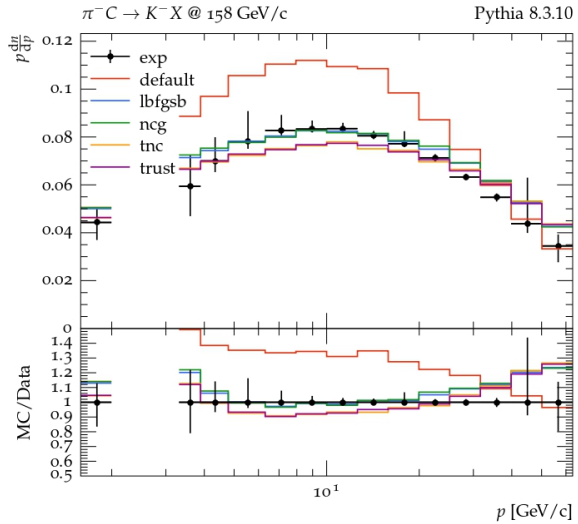
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$p \frac{d\pi}{dp}$
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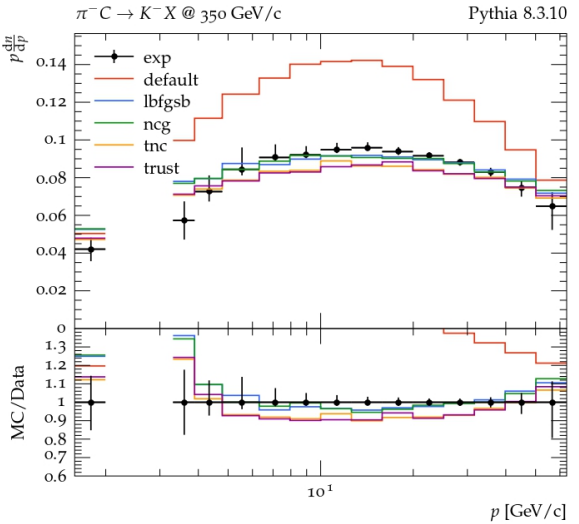
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to K^- X$ @ 350 GeV/c
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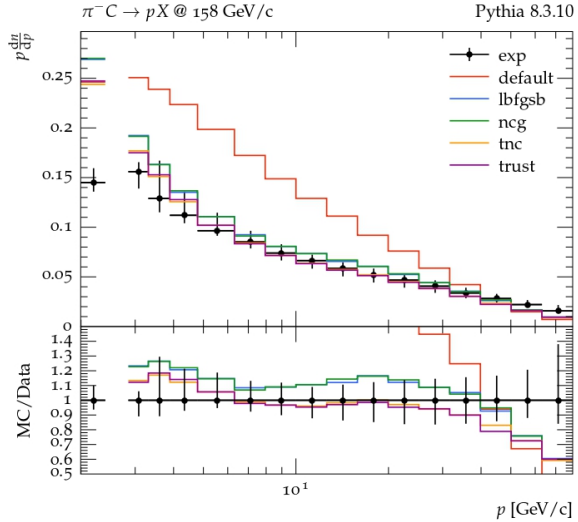
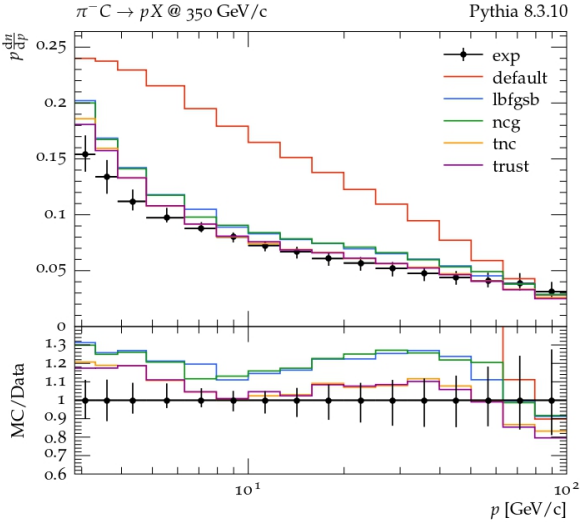
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]


$\pi^- C \to pX$ @ 158 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p\frac{d\pi}{dp}$
exp
default
lbfgsb
ncg
tnc
trust
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]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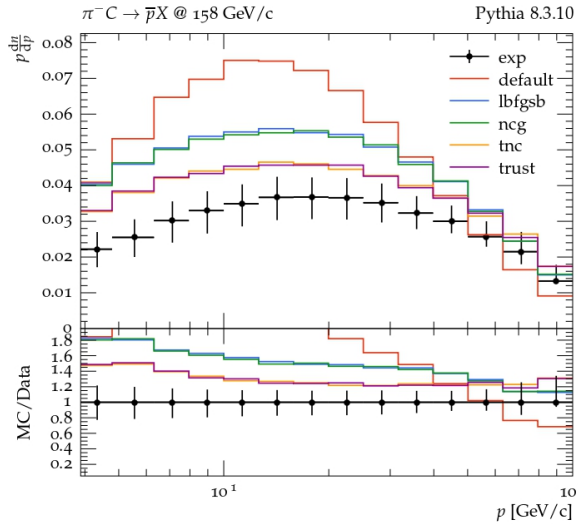
$\pi^- C \to \bar{p} X$ @ 158 GeV/c
Pythia 8.3.10
$p \frac{d\sigma}{dp}$
exp
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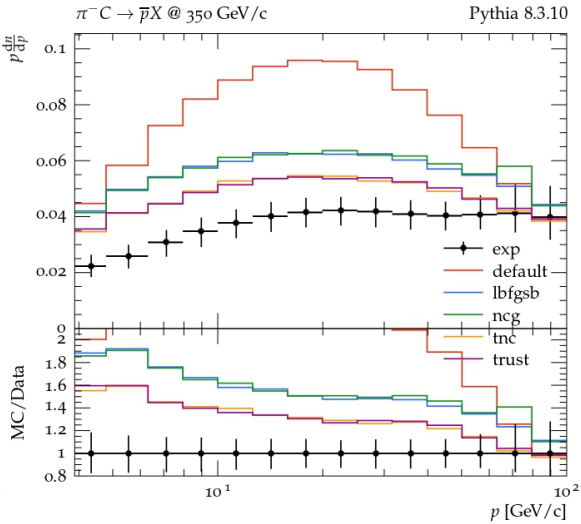
MC/Data
p [GeV/c]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